

Mobile Software Development for Android - 1397

IT COLLEGE, ANDRES KÄVER, 2015-2016

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Timetable – distance learners

- ▶ 2015
 - ▶ Oct 16 (1)
 - ▶ Nov 6 (2) & 7 (1)
 - ▶ Nov 29 (2)
 - ▶ Dec 18 (1) & 19 (1)
- ▶ 2016
 - ▶ Jan 9 – home project presentation
- ▶ Total 8 meetings (lecture/practice) + final

Requirements

- ▶ Development environment – latest Android Studio (java, IntelliJ)
 - ▶ <http://developer.android.com/sdk/index.html>
 - ▶ Base OS – free choice (MS Windows, OS X, Linux)
- ▶ Android based development device for testing – not required. School has some test equipment available (old devices – ca 2010).
- ▶ Personal Android device – (phone/tablet) strongly recommended
- ▶ If possible, use personal laptop for development
- ▶ Projects in GitHub

Topics

- ▶ Android overview
- ▶ Basic Android Studio usage
- ▶ UI creation
- ▶ Web services (REST API)
- ▶ Local storage and data access (SQLite)
- ▶ App lifecycle and state
- ▶ Sensors (proximity, geomagnetic, motion, GPS, ...)
- ▶ Google Play - publishing

Android

- ▶ Operating system, devised for mobile equipment (mostly)
- ▶ Usage: phones, tablets, TV-s, watches, glasses, cars, laptops, cameras, game consoles, ...
- ▶ Market share among smartphones – ca 82%
- ▶ Open source project
- ▶ Google apps are closed source (mail, map, etc.)

Android - mobile

StatCounter Global Stats
Top Mobile Operating Systems Per Country, Sept 2015



Short history

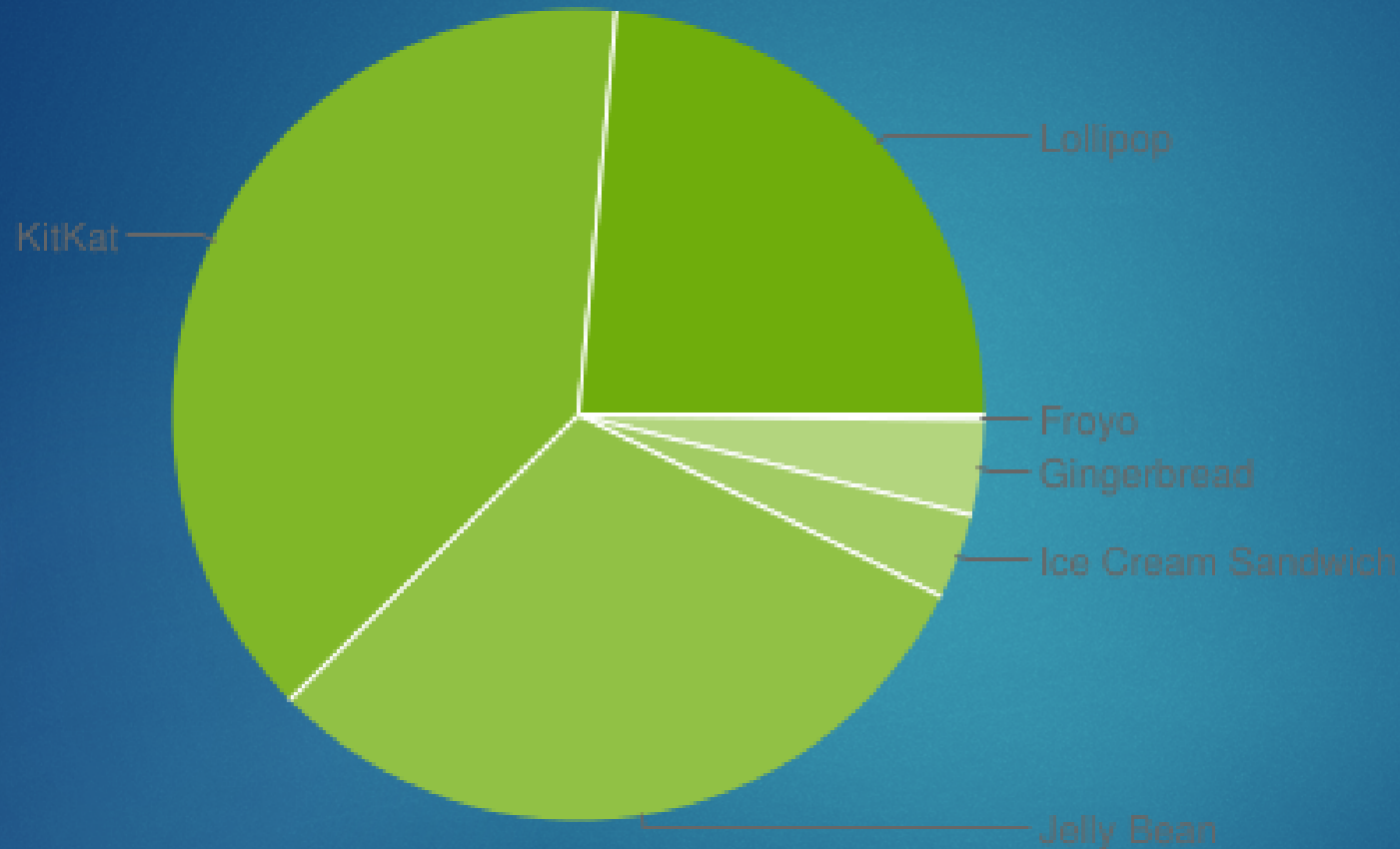
- ▶ 2003 – founded (lead: Andy Rubin)
 - ▶ Initial idea – OS for cameras
 - ▶ New plan – Mobile OS, (others: Symbian/Nokia and Win Mobile)
- ▶ 2005 – Google acquires the whole project
- ▶ 2007 – Open Handset Alliance
 - ▶ Google, HTC, Sony, Samsung, Dell, Motorola, LG, Qualcomm, Intel, etc...
- ▶ 2008 – Android 1.0 (HTC Dream, no touchscreen)
- ▶ 2009 – Android 1.5 Cupcake (iPhone 2007, iPhone 3G 2008)
- ▶ 2010 – Android 2.2 Froyo, 2.3 Gingerbread

Short history

- ▶ 2011 – Android 3.0 Honeycomb (tablets only)
- ▶ 2011 - Android 4.0 Ice Cream Sandwich
 - ▶ HOLO UI
- ▶ 2014 - Android 5 Lollipop
 - ▶ Material design
 - ▶ Dalvik vs ART (Android Runtime) (JIT or precompile, garbage collection)
- ▶ 2015 - Android 6 Marshmallow

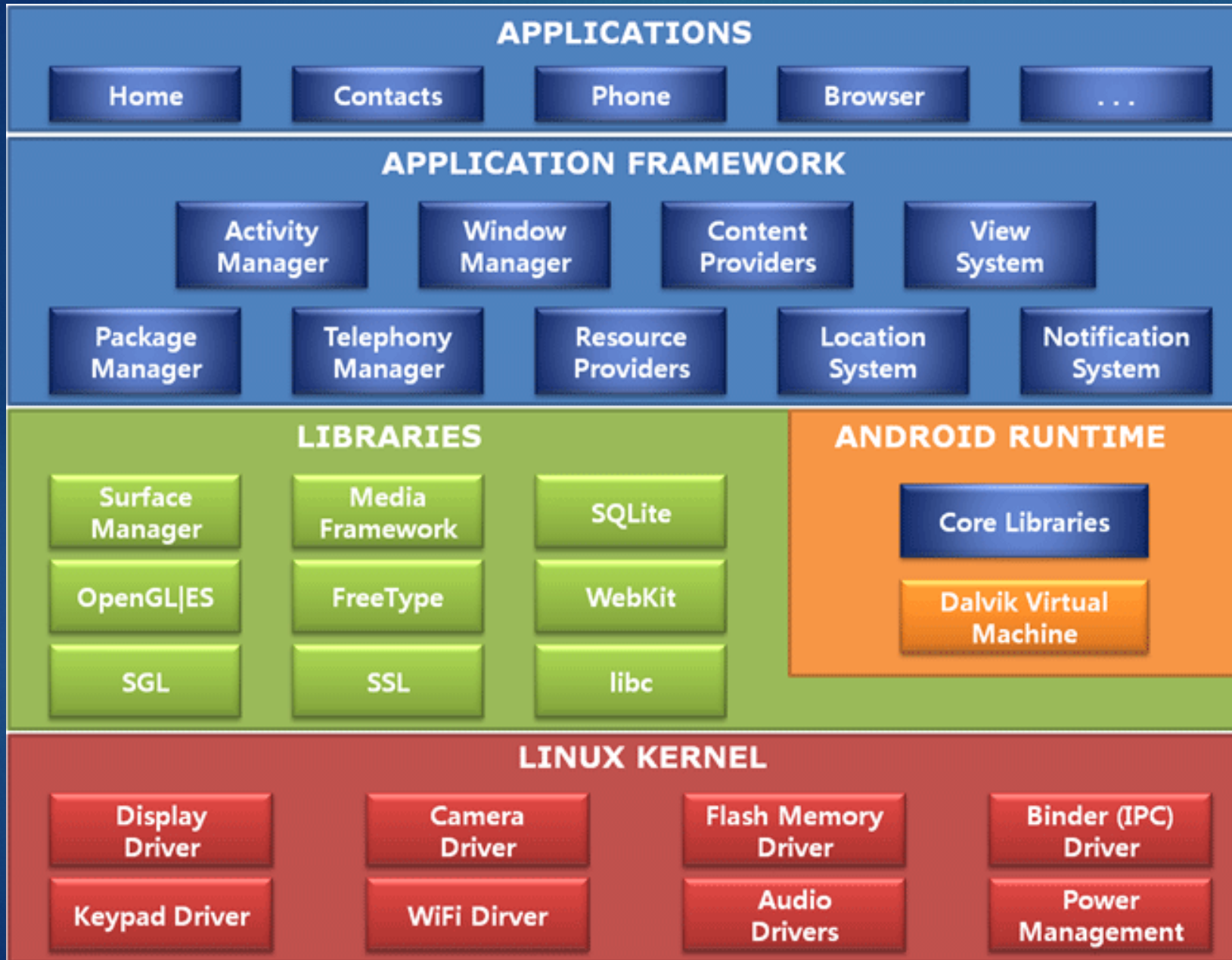
Version distribution

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Lollipop - 5.X - 23%
KitKat, Jelly Bean, Ice
Cream Sandwich - 4.X
- 73%

- ▶ Source: <http://developer.android.com/about/dashboards/index.html>



Android architecture

Android - App types

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- ▶ NDK - C/C++
 - ▶ Close to hardware and opsys
- ▶ SDK - Native <- this course!!!!
 - ▶ Java (ART/Dalvik), using system libraries
- ▶ Crossplatform – Xamarin (C#), etc
- ▶ Html
 - ▶ One codebase/layout for different platforms
 - ▶ Problems with UI, weak access to hardware

Android – App architecture

AndroidManifest.xml

- ▶ The manifest file presents essential information about your app to the Android system, information the system must have before it can run any of the app's code.
- ▶ Describes the components of the application — the activities, services, broadcast receivers, and content providers that the application is composed of.
- ▶ Declares which permissions the application must have in order to access protected parts of the API and interact with other applications.
- ▶ Declares the minimum level of the Android API that the application requires.

Android – AndroidManifest.xml

Example -

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
package="com.akaver.myapplication" >
  <application
    android:allowBackup="true"
    android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
    android:label="@string/app_name"
    android:supportsRtl="true"
    android:theme="@style/AppTheme" >
    <activity
      android:name=".MainActivity"
      android:label="@string/app_name"
      android:theme="@style/AppTheme.NoActionBar" >
      <intent-filter>
        <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
        <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
      </intent-filter>
    </activity>
  </application>
</manifest>
```


Android – Java code MainActivity.java

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```
import android.widget.TextView;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    private SectionsPagerAdapter mSectionsPagerAdapter;
    private ViewPager mViewPager;

    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);

        Toolbar toolbar = (Toolbar) findViewById(R.id.toolbar);
        setSupportActionBar(toolbar);
        mSectionsPagerAdapter = new SectionsPagerAdapter(getSupportFragmentManager());
        mViewPager = (ViewPager) findViewById(R.id.container);
        mViewPager.setAdapter(mSectionsPagerAdapter);

        TabLayout tabLayout = (TabLayout) findViewById(R.id.tabs);
        tabLayout.setupWithViewPager(mViewPager);

        FloatingActionButton fab = (FloatingActionButton) findViewById(R.id.fab);
        fab.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
            @Override
            public void onClick(View view) {
                Snackbar.make(view, "Replace with your own action", Snackbar.LENGTH_LONG)
                    .setAction("Action", null).show();
            }
        });
    }
    .....
}
```


Android – Layout - Resource files

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activity_main.xml

fragment_main.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<android.support.design.widget.CoordinatorLayout
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto" android:id="@+id/main_content"
    android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:fitsSystemWindows="true" tools:context=".MainActivity">

    <android.support.design.widget.AppBarLayout android:id="@+id/appbar"
        android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:paddingTop="@dimen/appbar_padding_top"
        android:theme="@style/AppTheme.AppBarOverlay">

        <android.support.v7.widget.Toolbar android:id="@+id/toolbar"
            android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="?attr/actionBarSize"
            android:background="?attr/colorPrimary" app:popupTheme="@style/AppTheme.PopupOverlay"
            app:layout_scrollFlags="scroll|enterAlways">

        </android.support.v7.widget.Toolbar>

        <android.support.design.widget.TabLayout android:id="@+id/tabs"
            android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content" />

    </android.support.design.widget.AppBarLayout>

    <android.support.v4.view.ViewPager android:id="@+id/container"
        android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="match_parent"
        app:layout_behavior="@string/appbar_scrolling_view_behavior" />

    <android.support.design.widget.FloatingActionButton android:id="@+id/fab"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content" android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_gravity="end|bottom" android:layout_margin="@dimen/fab_margin"
        android:src="@android:drawable/ic_dialog_email" />

</android.support.design.widget.CoordinatorLayout>
```

```
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:paddingLeft="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingRight="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingTop="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin"
    android:paddingBottom="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin"
    tools:context=".MainActivity$PlaceholderFragment">

    <TextView android:id="@+id/section_label" android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content" />

</RelativeLayout>
```


Android – Other resources

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- ▶ Images
- ▶ Animations
- ▶ Menu
- ▶ Strings
- ▶ Misc files

Android - apk

- ▶ Android Application Package
- ▶ ZIP file, combines all the resources and java bytecode
- ▶ Signed with developer key
- ▶ Developer key must be the same from version to next version
- ▶ Don't lose your keys (passwords)
- ▶ Android Studio takes care of APK creation
- ▶ APK-s can be downloaded from store, using 3-rd party utilities
- ▶ Resources can be used as is
- ▶ Most elements/code can be decompiled/recompiled

Android – Google Play - appstore

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- ▶ No review process
- ▶ Problems are dealt with afterwards
- ▶ App hijacking, etc. are real problems

Android – App security

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- ▶ Every app works in its own private virtual machine (Zygote)
- ▶ Need permission for system resources (confirmed on app install)
- ▶ Data is private, no other app can access directly other app data
- ▶ Everything is possible on rooted device
- ▶ End user is the weakest link

Android – dev problems

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- ▶ Gazillion different hardware devices and capabilities
- ▶ Lots of different Android implementations
 - ▶ Samsung TouchWiz
 - ▶ HTC Sense
 - ▶ CyanogenMod
 - ▶
- ▶ Migration to newer versions very slow (or not done at all)
- ▶ Rooted phones
- ▶ Ca 2X time spent on development compared to iOS
- ▶ Ca 60% better income on iOS

Android – testing on devices

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Android – HelloWorld

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Create New Project

New Project
Android Studio

Configure your new project

Application name:

Company Domain:

Package name: [Edit](#)

Project location: ...

[Previous](#) [Next](#) [Cancel](#) [Finish](#)

Create New Project

Target Android Devices

Select the form factors your app will run on

Different platforms may require separate SDKs

Phone and Tablet
Minimum SDK: [v](#)

Lower API levels target more devices, but have fewer features available. By targeting API 19 and later, your app will run on approximately 49.5% of the devices that are active on the Google Play Store.
[Help me choose](#)

Wear
Minimum SDK: [v](#)

TV
Minimum SDK: [v](#)

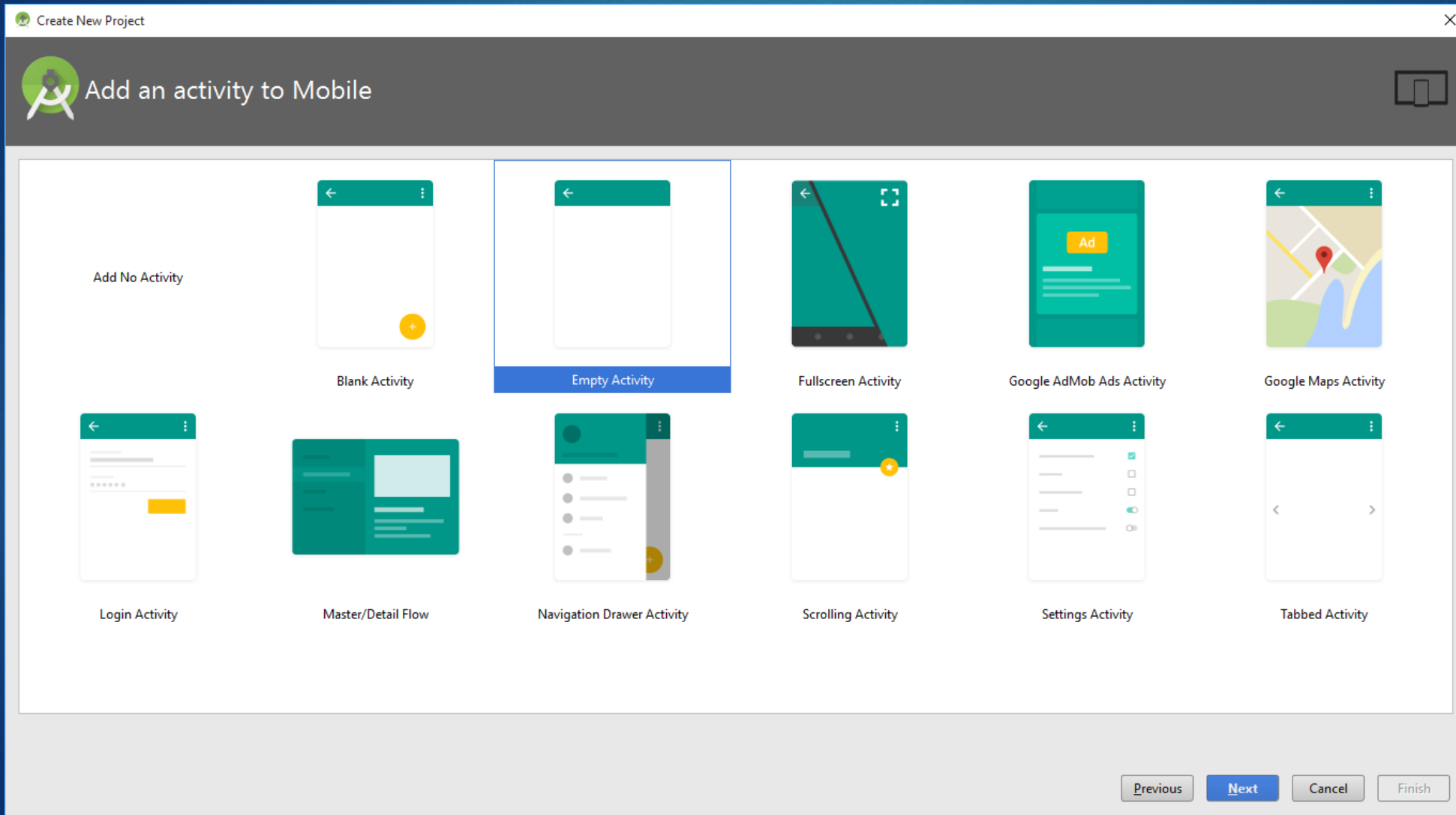
Android Auto

Glass (Not Installed) [Download](#)

Minimum SDK: [v](#)

[Previous](#) [Next](#) [Cancel](#) [Finish](#)

Android - HelloWorld



Android - HelloWorld

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Create New Project

Customize the Activity

Creates a new empty activity

Activity Name: MainActivity

Generate Layout File

Layout Name: activity_main

Empty Activity

The name of the activity class to create

Previous Next Cancel Finish

Android - HelloWorld

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The screenshot displays the Android Studio 1.4 interface for a HelloWorld application. The main window is titled "HelloWorld - [C:\Users\akaver\AndroidStudioProjects\HelloWorld] - [app] - ...\app\src\main\res\layout\activity_main.xml - Android Studio 1.4". The interface is divided into several panels:

- Project View (Left):** Shows the project structure for "HelloWorld" and "app". The "res" folder is expanded to show "layout" containing "activity_main.xml".
- Palette (Center-Left):** Lists various UI components under "Layouts" (FrameLayout, LinearLayout, etc.) and "Widgets" (TextView, Button, etc.).
- Design View (Center):** A virtual smartphone displaying the app's UI. The screen shows a blue header with "HelloWorld" and a white body with "Hello World!".
- Component Tree (Top-Right):** Shows the hierarchy: Device Screen > RelativeLayout > TextView - "Hello World!".
- Properties (Bottom-Right):** A table listing properties for the selected TextView widget.

Properties	
layout:width	match_parent
layout:height	match_parent
style	
accessibilityLiveRegion	
accessibilityTraversalAfter	
accessibilityTraversalBefore	
alpha	
background	
backgroundTint	
backgroundTintMode	
clickable	<input type="checkbox"/>
contentDescription	
contextClickable	<input type="checkbox"/>
elevation	

At the bottom of the IDE, the status bar indicates "Gradle build finished in 10s 281ms (a minute ago)".

Android - HelloWorld

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The screenshot shows the Android Studio 1.4 interface for a project named 'HelloWorld'. The main editor window displays the XML code for the 'activity_main.xml' layout file. The code defines a RelativeLayout with a width and height of 'match_parent' and a padding of 16dp. Inside the RelativeLayout, there is a TextView with the text 'Hello World!' and a width and height of 'wrap_content'.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools" android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent" android:paddingLeft="16dp"
    android:paddingRight="16dp" android:paddingTop="16dp"
    android:paddingBottom="16dp" tools:context=".MainActivity">

    <TextView android:text="Hello World!" android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content" />

</RelativeLayout>
```

The interface also shows a Project Structure view on the left, displaying the project hierarchy: app (manifests, java, res, mipmap, values) and Gradle Scripts. The bottom status bar indicates that the Gradle build finished in 10s 281ms (2 minutes ago).

Android - HelloWorld

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The screenshot displays the Android Studio 1.4 interface. The main window shows the `AndroidManifest.xml` file for the `com.akaver.helloworld` application. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="com.akaver.helloworld" >

    <application
        android:allowBackup="true"
        android:icon="@mipmap/ic_launcher"
        android:label="HelloWorld"
        android:supportRtl="true"
        android:theme="@style/AppTheme" >
        <activity android:name=".MainActivity" >
            <intent-filter>
                <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />

                <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER" />
            </intent-filter>
        </activity>
    </application>
</manifest>
```

The left sidebar shows the project structure with the following components:

- app
 - manifests
 - AndroidManifest.xml
 - java
 - com.akaver.helloworld
 - MainActivity
 - com.akaver.helloworld (androidTest)
 - res
 - drawable
 - layout
 - activity_main.xml
 - mipmap
 - ic_launcher.png (5)
 - ic_launcher.png (hdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (mdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxxhdpi)
 - values
 - colors.xml
 - dimens.xml (2)
 - strings.xml
 - styles.xml
 - Gradle Scripts

The bottom status bar indicates: "Gradle build finished in 10s 281ms (2 minutes ago)".

Android - HelloWorld

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The screenshot shows the Android Studio IDE with the following components:

- Project Structure:** A tree view on the left showing the project hierarchy: `app` (manifests, java, res, mipmap, values), `com.akaver.helloworld`, and `com.akaver.helloworld (androidTest)`.
- Code Editor:** The main window displays the `MainActivity.java` file with the following code:

```
package com.akaver.helloworld;

import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {

    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    }
}
```
- Bottom Panel:** Includes tabs for Terminal, Android Monitor, Messages, and TODO. The status bar at the bottom shows "Gradle build finished in 10s 281ms (3 minutes ago)", "14:1", "CRLF", "UTF-8", and "Context: <no context>".

Android - HelloWorld

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Virtual Device Configuration

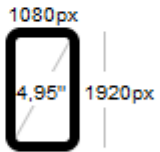
Select Hardware

Choose a device definition

Category	Name	Size	Resolution	Density
TV	Nexus 6	5,96"	1440x2560	560dpi
Wear	Nexus 5X	5,2"	1080x1920	420dpi
Phone	Nexus 5	4,95"	1080x1920	xxhdpi
Tablet	Nexus 4	4,7"	768x1280	xhdpi

Category: Phone (selected)

Nexus 5



Size: normal
Ratio: notlong
Density: xxhdpi

Buttons: New Hardware Profile, Import Hardware Profiles, Clone Device...

Navigation: Previous, Next, Cancel, Finish

Android - HelloWorld

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Virtual Device Configuration

System Image

Select a system image

Release Name	API Level	ABI	Target
Marshmallow	23	x86	Android 6.0 (wi
Marshmallow	23	armeabi-v7a	Android 6.0
Marshmallow	23	x86	Android 6.0
Marshmallow	23	x86_64	Android 6.0

Marshmallow



API Level
23

Android
6.0

Android Open Source Project

System Image
x86

Recommendation
Consider using a system image with Google APIs to enable testing with Google Play Services.

Questions on API level?
See the [API level distribution chart](#)

Show downloadable system images

Previous Next Cancel Finish

Android - HelloWorld

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The screenshot shows the 'Virtual Device Configuration' window in Android Studio. The title bar reads 'Virtual Device Configuration' with a close button. Below the title bar is a header with the Android logo and the text 'Android Virtual Device (AVD) Verify Configuration'. The main area is divided into two panes. The left pane contains configuration options: 'AVD Name' is 'Nexus 5 API 23'; 'Device' is 'Nexus 5' with a 'Change...' button; 'System Image' is 'Marshmallow' with an Android icon and a 'Change...' button; 'Startup size and orientation' shows 'Scale' set to 'Auto' and 'Orientation' set to 'Portrait'; 'Emulated Performance' has 'Use Host GPU' checked and 'Store a snapshot for faster startup' unchecked; 'Device Frame' has 'Enable Device Frame' checked. A 'Show Advanced Settings' button is at the bottom left. The right pane is titled 'AVD Name' and contains the text 'The name of this AVD.' and a 'Recommendation' box with red text: 'Consider using a system image with Google APIs to enable testing with Google Play Services.' At the bottom right are buttons for 'Previous', 'Next', 'Cancel', and 'Finish'.

Virtual Device Configuration

Android Virtual Device (AVD)
Verify Configuration

AVD Name: Nexus 5 API 23

Device: Nexus 5, 4.95" 1080x1920 xxhdpi (Change...)

System Image: Marshmallow, Android 6.0 x86 (Change...)

Startup size and orientation: Scale: Auto, Orientation: Portrait

Emulated Performance: Use Host GPU, Store a snapshot for faster startup
You can either use Host GPU or Snapshots

Device Frame: Enable Device Frame

Show Advanced Settings

AVD Name

The name of this AVD.

Recommendation
Consider using a system image with Google APIs to enable testing with Google Play Services.

Previous Next Cancel Finish

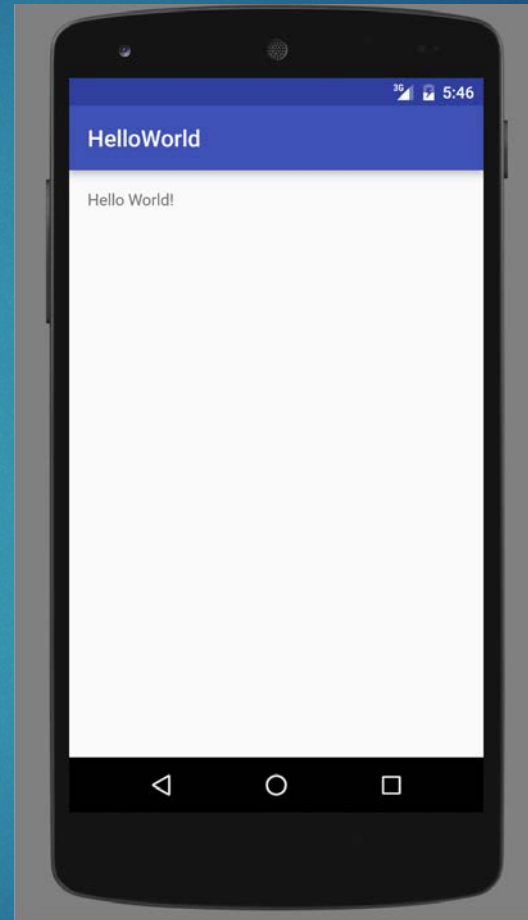
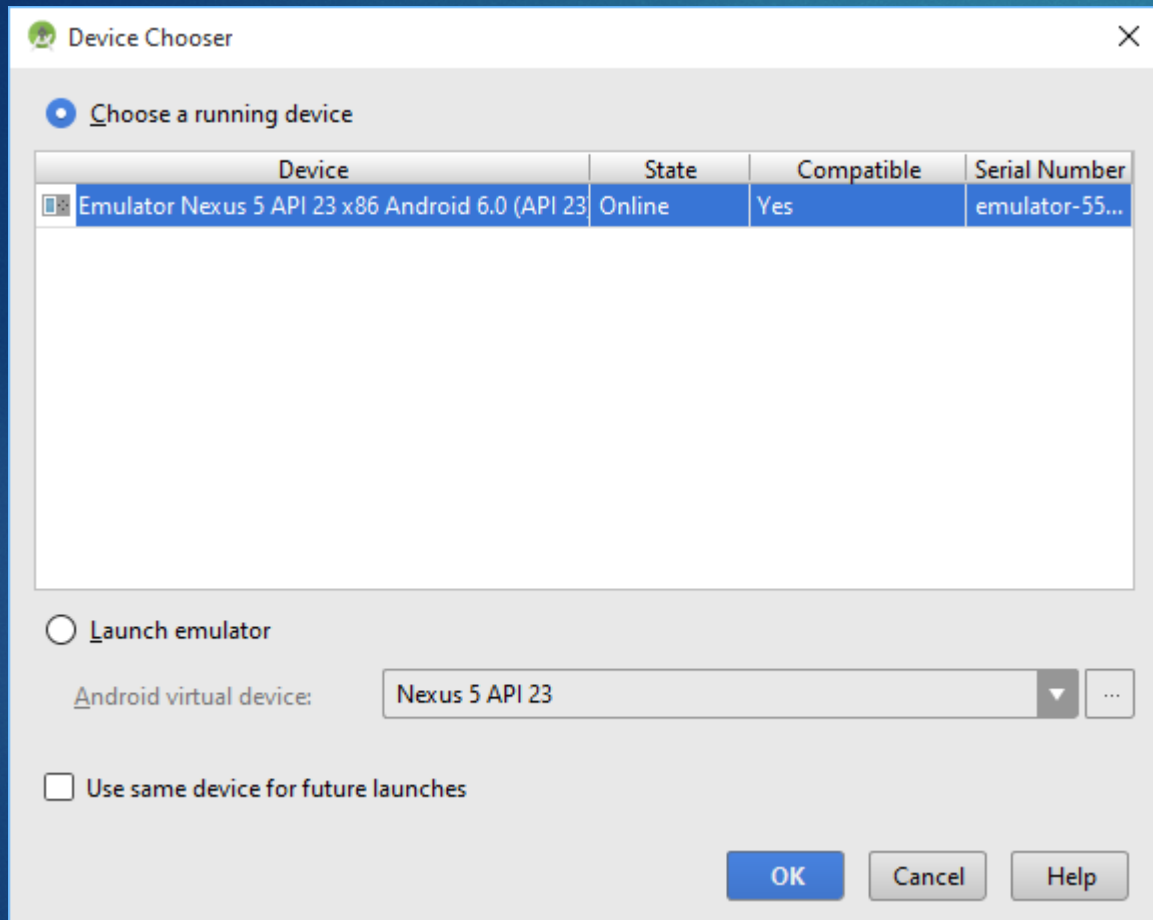
Android - HelloWorld

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Android - HelloWorld

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Android – HelloWorld – add TextBox

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The screenshot displays the Android Studio 1.4 interface for a HelloWorld application. The main window shows the design view of the activity_main.xml layout, which is a RelativeLayout. A TextView with the text "Hello World!" is positioned at the top, and a Button with the text "SET TEXT" is positioned below it. The Component Tree on the right shows the hierarchy: Device Screen > RelativeLayout > TextView - "Hello World!" > EditText > Button - "Set text". The Properties panel on the right shows the layout properties for the selected Button, including layout:width, layout:height, layout:margin, layout:alignEnd, layout:alignParentEnd, layout:alignParentStart, layout:alignStart, layout:toEndOf, layout:toStartOf, layout:alignComponent, and layout:alignParent.

Project Structure:

- app
 - manifests
 - AndroidManifest.xml
 - java
 - com.akaver.helloworld
 - MainActivity
 - res
 - drawable
 - layout
 - activity_main.xml
 - mipmap
 - ic_launcher.png (5)
 - ic_launcher.png (hdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (mdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxhdpi)
 - ic_launcher.png (xxxhdpi)
 - values
 - colors.xml
 - dimens.xml (2)
 - strings.xml
 - styles.xml
 - Gradle Scripts

Component Tree:

- Device Screen
 - RelativeLayout
 - TextView - "Hello World!"
 - EditText
 - Button - "Set text"

Properties:

Property	Value
layout:width	wrap_content
layout:height	wrap_content
layout:margin	[]
layout:alignEnd	
layout:alignParentEnd	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
layout:alignParentStart	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
layout:alignStart	
layout:toEndOf	
layout:toStartOf	
layout:alignComponent	[top:bottom]
layout:alignParent	[]

Android Monitor:

Emulator Nexus_5_API_23_x86 Android 6.0 (API 23) | com.akaver.helloworld (19502)

Log level: Verbose | Regex | Show only selected application

Terminal: 10-15 18:11:21.415 19502-19502/? W/System: ClassLoader referenced unknown path: /data/app/com.akaver.helloworld-1/lib/x86

Event Log | Gradle Console

Session 'app': running (2 minutes ago)

Android – HelloWorld – activity_main.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools" android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent" android:paddingLeft="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingRight="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingTop="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin"
    android:paddingBottom="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin" tools:context=".MainActivity">

    <TextView android:text="Hello World!" android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:id="@+id/textView" />

    <EditText
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:id="@+id/editText"
        android:layout_below="@+id/textView"
        android:layout_alignParentStart="true"
        android:layout_alignParentEnd="true" />

    <Button
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Set text"
        android:id="@+id/button"
        android:layout_below="@+id/editText"
        android:layout_alignParentStart="true"
        android:onClick="buttonClicked"
        />

</RelativeLayout>
```

Android – HelloWorld – MainActivity.java

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```
package com.akaver.helloworld;

import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.inputmethod.InputMethodManager;
import android.widget.EditText;
import android.widget.TextView;

public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {

    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    }

    public void buttonClicked(View view) {
        TextView textView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.textView);
        EditText editText = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.editText);
        textView.setText("Hello "+editText.getText()+"!");
        editText.setText("");

        InputMethodManager imm = (InputMethodManager) getSystemService(INPUT_METHOD_SERVICE);
        imm.hideSoftInputFromWindow(getCurrentFocus().getWindowToken(), 0);
    }
}
```